### **VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended February 28, 2021

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 - 7
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	8
Government-Wide Statement of Activities	9
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	10
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	11
Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance	12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities	13
Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position	14
Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	15
Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows	16
Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18 - 35
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	36 - 37
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Street Fund	38
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Local Street Fund	39
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Road Fund	40
Schedule of Employer Contributions	41
Schedule of Changes in Employer Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	42
Schedule of Funding Progress for the Employee Retirement System	43
Other Information:	
Balance Sheet - Downtown Development Authority	44
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Downtown Development Authority	45
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	46 - 47

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Village Council Village of Lake Odessa Lake Odessa, Michigan

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of Lake Odessa as of and for the year ended February 28, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Lake Odessa, as of February 28, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer contributions, schedule of changes in employer net pension liability and related ratios, and schedule of funding progress for the employee retirement system on pages 3 through 7 and 36 through 43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting

Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The balance sheet - Downtown Development Authority and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - Downtown Development Authority are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the balance sheet - Downtown Development Authority and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - Downtown Development Authority is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 6, 2021, on our consideration of the Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Lake Odessa's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hastings, Michigan August 6, 2021

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As the Village Council of the Village of Lake Odessa, we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Village of Lake Odessa for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2021. The analysis focuses on significant financial position, budget changes and variances from the budget, and specific issues related to funds and the economic factors affecting the Village. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the letter of transmittal, which begins on page 1, and the financial statements, which begin on page 8.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of Village of Lake Odessa exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$11,346,282 (net position) compared to \$11,034,094 last year. Of this amount, \$1,971,130 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors
- The government's total net position increased by \$312,188 compared to an increase of \$537,253 last year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,349,569 an increase of \$399,673 compared to an ending fund balance of \$1,949,896 an increase of \$133,502 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$790,316 or 101.57% of total general fund expenditures. Last year the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$506,922 or 61.78% total general fund expenditures.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The Village of Lake Odessa's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the Village's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., state shared revenue).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, public works, community and economic development and recreation and cultural. The business-type activities of the Village include water services. The government-wide financial statements include not only the Village of Lake Odessa itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Downtown Development Authority for which the Village is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8-9 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Village of Lake Odessa, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village of Lake Odessa maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Major Streets, Local Streets and Road Funds, which are considered to be major funds. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10-13 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The Village maintains one proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses an enterprise fund to account for the Water Fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, of which is considered to be a major fund of the Village. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are available to support the Village's own programs. The fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 17 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18-35 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required and additional supplementary information. The Village adopts an annual budget for its general, major street, local street, and road funds. Within the required supplementary information, budget comparison statements have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget. Also, pension related schedules have been provided describing pension related information. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 36-43 of this report. Additional supplementary information on the Downtown Development Authority is presented immediately following the required supplementary information on budgets on pages 44-45 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Village of Lake Odessa, assets exceeded liabilities by \$11,346,282 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

\$1,971,130 of the Village's net position (17.37 percent) reflects its unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. An additional portion of the Village's net position (15.91 percent) reflects restricted net position \$1,805,316, which are resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining portion of the Village's net position (66.72 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets \$7,569,836 (e.g. land, buildings, equipment and furniture and fixtures). The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

#### Village of Lake Odessa's Condensed Financial Data

	Governme			ntal		Busines	уре	
		2021		2020		2021		2020
Current and Other Assets	\$	2,427,652	\$	2,107,791	\$	1,499,009	\$	1,431,239
Capital Assets		3,241,412		3,460,762	_	8,744,733		8,954,744
Total Assets		5,669,064		5,568,553	_	10,243,742		10,385,983
Deferred Outflows of Resources		43,153	_	27,044	_		_	<u>-</u>
Short-Term Liabilities		189,983		281,533		20,930		162,952
Long-Term Liabilities		762,904		941,792		3,561,209		3,561,209
Total Liabilities	_	952,887		1,223,325		3,582,139		3,724,161
Deferred Inflows of Resources		74,651		_	_			_
Net Position								
Invested in Capital Assets,								
Net of Related Debt		2,386,312		2,500,862		5,183,524		5,285,335
Restricted		1,497,607		1,251,786		307,709		167,282
Unrestricted		800,760		619,624	_	1,170,370		1,209,205
Total Net Position	\$	4,684,679	\$	4,372,272	\$	6,661,603	\$	6,661,822
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$	42,093	\$	53,958	\$	906,374	\$	994,918
Operating Grants and Contributions		254,047		269,162		-		-
General Revenues								
Property Taxes		705,914		683,923		-		-
Federal Grants		12,115						
State Grants		343,312		274,118		-		-
Investment Income		14,826		12,655		4,762		7,516
Other		72,957		51,322		-		-
Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets	_	(25,899)		2,500	_	(231)	_	-
Total Revenues	_	1,419,365		1,347,638	_	910,905	_	1,002,434
Program Expenses								
Governmental Activities								
Legislative		72,891		66,182		-		-
General Government		27,658		31,140		-		-
Public Safety		338,234		261,611		-		-
Public Works		594,286		544,558		-		-
Community and Economic		0.050		0.700				
Development		8,958		8,728				
Recreation and Culture		47,279		55,130		-		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		17,652		19,691		-		-
Business-Type Activities						024 044		707 754
Water Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-		831,014		737,751
_	_	1 100 050			_	80,110		88,028
Total Expenses	_	1,106,958	_	987,040	_	911,124	_	825,779
Change in Net Position	\$	312,407	\$	360,598	\$	(219)	\$	176,655

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental activities.

**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities increased the Village's net position by \$312,407 mainly due to slight increases in several revenue categories.

**Business-Type activities.** Business-type activities decreased the Village's net position by \$219 mainly due to increased water expenses.

#### Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a Village's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,349,569 an increase of \$399,673. Last year, the Village's governmental funds combined ending fund balance was \$1,949,896 an increase of \$133,502.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$790,316 and the total fund balance was \$877,541. Unassigned fund balance represents 101.57% of the total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the Village's general fund increased by \$152,322 during the current fiscal year.

**Proprietary funds.** The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's water fund reported unrestricted net position of \$1,170,370. The water fund had a decrease in net position of \$219.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The most significant changes to the budget during the fiscal year can be summarized by:

- \$25,039 decrease to Taxes and Penalties
- \$12,170 decrease to State Grants
- \$10,050 increase to Other Revenue
- \$9,451 increase to Legislative
- \$15,298 decrease to Buildings and Grounds
- \$8.258 increase to Police
- \$13,345 decrease to Garage and Maintenance
- \$14,298 increase to Capital Outlay

#### **Capital Assets**

The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of February 28, 2021, amounts to \$3,241,412 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes: land, buildings, improvements, equipment and furniture and fixtures.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the purchase of a backhoe, salter, computers, and signs. The water fund purchased part of one of the trailer with the general fund, and some other small equipment. Details of the Village's capital assets are continued in the notes to the financial statements on pages 25 and 26.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total bonded debt outstanding of \$4,416,309, and general obligation debt of \$19,704. The Village's debt represents bonds secured by specified revenue sources, equipment secured by the equipment and compensated absences, respectively.

#### The Village's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Governme				ss-Type		
	Acti	vities	<u> </u>	Activ	vities	Tc	otal
	 2021		2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Primary Government: Revenue Bonds Compensated	\$ 855,100	\$	959,900	\$ 3,561,209	\$ 3,669,409	\$ 4,416,309	\$ 4,629,309
Absenses	 19,704		18,837		<u>-</u> _	19,704	18,837
Total	\$ 874,804	\$	978,737	\$ 3,561,209	\$ 3,669,409	\$ 4,436,013	\$ 4,648,146

The Village's debt decreased by \$212,133 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the Village's long-term debt can be found on pages 27-28 of the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

Due to the worldwide COVID-19 pandemic and the hopeful recovery phase that we currently find ourselves in, both revenues and expenses have become harder to estimate. Supply chain issues for materials have made receiving accurate quotes for services and equipment tougher to determine. Prices seem to be fluctuating by the day. We now occupy a different world than we did just two years ago. With that said, Village staff is anticipating a slight decrease in our constitutional revenue sharing allotment from the State of Michigan. Conversely, the State of Michigan Department of Treasury is forecasting a slight uptick in our CVTRS payment. However, in the final analysis, the State's aggregate forecast is showing that, when combined, the Village will see an estimated 2.1% decrease in revenue sharing. Though not drastic, this should be monitored closely by Village staff during each and every budget year. The Village has been awarded a \$936.493 Transportation Alternative Program (TAP) Grant from Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) for construction of the Jordan Lake Trail Phase 1B. This is a pedestrian, biking, inline skating trail which will also include cross country skiing and snow shoeing in the winter. The trail will connect with Phase 1a of the Jordan Lake Trail which is slated to be completed by summer 2022. The Village obligation for match dollars is 30.6% (\$414,000) which will be provided for by the Jordan Lake Trail Board and Odessa Township. Odessa Township has been awarded a \$300,000 Michigan Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) Trust Fund Grant for construction of the Trail. Total cost of the project is anticipated to be \$1,350,493. While unfortunately this projected has been delayed for another year, the Lakewood Recreational Authority (of which the Village is a member) remains committed to completing this project. In 2021, the Village reached an agreement with the Police Officers Labor Council, who represent the Village's three police officers. This agreement, approved by the Village Council in February 2021, approves wage increases for members at annual rate of 2.5%, along with years of service to the Village factored into the equation. In March of 2021, the Village Council approved an increase to the base meter charge for water billing, which will allow the Village to continue to meet the goals as set forth in the Village's 2016 Asset Management Plan. This increase was deemed necessary by the findings of a Council-sanctioned Water Rate Study, performed by a group consisting of select Village Council members, staff, and GEI Consultants, Inc. This study recommended that base meter rates be adjusted by 25% (spread out quarterly) for the next three years after the three-year phase in at this rate, the study recommended that this rate be adjusted annually by the rate of inflation. These increases will allow the Village to continually provide excellent, clean, and healthy drinking water to residents and businesses.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Village of Lake Odessa's finances for all those with an interest in the village's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the (Village Manager/Treasurer), Village of Lake Odessa, 839 Fourth Ave, Lake Odessa, MI 48849. 616-374-7110.

## VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION February 28, 2021

ASSETS         Covernmental Activities Activities         Business-Type Activities Activities         Total Total Total Authority           Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments         \$ 2,055,595         \$ 1,231,881         \$ 3,287,476         \$ 53,521           Investments         239,775         125,635         365,410         - 7           Receivables (Net)         127,958         127,958         - 7           Accounts         84,073         - 84,073         - 84,073           Due from State         84,073         - 84,073         - 9           Due from other Funds         48,209         14,439         62,648         - 13,580           Capital Assets not being Depreciated         35,947         38,097         74,044         - 1           Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net         3,205,465         8,706,636         11,912,101         - 67,101           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred Pension Outflows         43,153         - 43,153         - 7           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         - 7           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         - 7           Accounts Payable         7,656         8,386         16,042         - 7
ASSETS         Activities         Business-Type Activities         Total         Authority           Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 2,055,595         \$ 1,231,881         \$ 3,287,476         \$ 53,521           Investments         239,775         125,635         365,410         -           Receivables (Net)         -         127,958         127,958         -           Accounts         -         127,958         127,958         -           Due from State         84,073         -         84,073         -           Due from other Funds         48,209         14,439         62,648         -           Due from other Units of Government         -         -         -         13,580           Capital Assets not being Depreciated         35,947         38,097         74,044         -           Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net         3,205,465         8,706,636         11,912,101         -           Total Assets         5,669,064         10,244,646         15,913,710         67,101           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred Pension Outflows         43,153         -         43,153         -           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         - </th
ASSETS         Activities         Activities         Total         Authority           Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 2,055,595         \$ 1,231,881         \$ 3,287,476         \$ 53,521           Investments         239,775         125,635         365,410         -           Receivables (Net)         -         127,958         127,958         -           Accounts         -         127,958         127,958         -           Due from State         84,073         -         84,073         -           Due from other Funds         48,209         14,439         62,648         -           Due from other Units of Government         -         -         -         -         13,580           Capital Assets not being Depreciated         35,947         38,097         74,044         -         -           Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net         3,205,465         8,706,636         11,912,101         -           Total Assets         5,669,064         10,244,646         15,913,710         67,101           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred Pension Outflows         43,153         -         43,153         -           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448
Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 2,055,595         \$ 1,231,881         \$ 3,287,476         \$ 53,521           Investments         239,775         125,635         365,410         -           Receivables (Net)         -         127,958         127,958         -           Accounts         -         127,958         127,958         -           Due from State         84,073         -         84,073         -           Due from other Funds         48,209         14,439         62,648         -           Due from other Units of Government         -         -         -         -         13,580           Capital Assets not being Depreciated         35,947         38,097         74,044         -         -           Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net         3,205,465         8,706,636         11,912,101         -           Total Assets         5,669,064         10,244,646         15,913,710         67,101           Deferred Pension Outflows         43,153         -         43,153         -           LIABILITIES           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         -           Accounts Payable         7,656         8,386         16,042
Investments   239,775   125,635   365,410   - Receivables (Net)
Receivables (Net)           Accounts         -         127,958         127,958         -           Due from State         84,073         -         84,073         -           Due from other Funds         48,209         14,439         62,648         -           Due from other Units of Government         -         -         -         13,580           Capital Assets not being Depreciated         35,947         38,097         74,044         -           Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net         3,205,465         8,706,636         11,912,101         -           Total Assets         5,669,064         10,244,646         15,913,710         67,101           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred Pension Outflows         43,153         -         43,153         -           LIABILITIES           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         -           Accrued Liabilities         7,656         8,386         16,042         -           Due to other Funds         52,223         -         52,223         -           Noncurrent Liabilities         111,900         110,100         222,000         -           Due in more than One Y
Accounts
Due from State         84,073         -         84,073         -           Due from other Funds         48,209         14,439         62,648         -           Due from other Units of Government         -         -         -         -         13,580           Capital Assets not being Depreciated         35,947         38,097         74,044         -           Capital Assets         5,669,065         8,706,636         11,912,101         -           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred Pension Outflows         43,153         -         43,153         -           LIABILITIES           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         -           Accrued Liabilities         7,656         8,386         16,042         -           Due to other Funds         52,223         -         52,223         -           Noncurrent Liabilities         111,900         110,100         222,000         -           Due within One Year         111,900         3,451,109         4,214,013         -
Due from other Funds         48,209         14,439         62,648         -           Due from other Units of Government         -         -         -         13,580           Capital Assets not being Depreciated         35,947         38,097         74,044         -           Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net         3,205,465         8,706,636         11,912,101         -           Total Assets         5,669,064         10,244,646         15,913,710         67,101           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred Pension Outflows         43,153         -         43,153         -           LIABILITIES           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         -           Accrued Liabilities         7,656         8,386         16,042         -           Due to other Funds         52,223         -         52,223         -           Noncurrent Liabilities         111,900         110,100         222,000         -           Due Within One Year         762,904         3,451,109         4,214,013         -
Due from other Units of Government         -         -         -         13,580           Capital Assets not being Depreciated         35,947         38,097         74,044         -           Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net         3,205,465         8,706,636         11,912,101         -           Total Assets         5,669,064         10,244,646         15,913,710         67,101           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred Pension Outflows         43,153         -         43,153         -           LIABILITIES           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         -           Accrued Liabilities         7,656         8,386         16,042         -           Due to other Funds         52,223         -         52,223         -           Noncurrent Liabilities         111,900         110,100         222,000         -           Due Within One Year         111,900         3,451,109         4,214,013         -
Capital Assets not being Depreciated         35,947         38,097         74,044         -           Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net         3,205,465         8,706,636         11,912,101         -           Total Assets         5,669,064         10,244,646         15,913,710         67,101           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred Pension Outflows         43,153         -         43,153         -           LIABILITIES           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         -           Accrued Liabilities         7,656         8,386         16,042         -           Due to other Funds         52,223         -         52,223         -           Noncurrent Liabilities         111,900         110,100         222,000         -           Due Within One Year         111,900         3,451,109         4,214,013         -
Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net         3,205,465         8,706,636         11,912,101         -           Total Assets         5,669,064         10,244,646         15,913,710         67,101           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred Pension Outflows         43,153         -         43,153         -           LIABILITIES           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         -           Accrued Liabilities         7,656         8,386         16,042         -           Due to other Funds         52,223         -         52,223         -           Noncurrent Liabilities         111,900         110,100         222,000         -           Due Within One Year         111,900         110,100         222,000         -           Due in more than One Year         762,904         3,451,109         4,214,013         -
Total Assets         5,669,064         10,244,646         15,913,710         67,101           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred Pension Outflows         43,153         -         43,153         -           LIABILITIES           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         -           Accrued Liabilities         7,656         8,386         16,042         -           Due to other Funds         52,223         -         52,223         -           Noncurrent Liabilities         111,900         110,100         222,000         -           Due Within One Year         111,900         110,100         222,000         -           Due in more than One Year         762,904         3,451,109         4,214,013         -
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred Pension Outflows         43,153         -         43,153         -           LIABILITIES           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         -           Accrued Liabilities         7,656         8,386         16,042         -           Due to other Funds         52,223         -         52,223         -           Noncurrent Liabilities         111,900         110,100         222,000         -           Due Within One Year         111,900         3,451,109         4,214,013         -
LIABILITIES         43,153         -         43,153         -           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         -           Accrued Liabilities         7,656         8,386         16,042         -           Due to other Funds         52,223         -         52,223         -           Noncurrent Liabilities         111,900         110,100         222,000         -           Due Within One Year         111,900         3,451,109         4,214,013         -
LIABILITIES         43,153         -         43,153         -           Accounts Payable         18,204         13,448         31,652         -           Accrued Liabilities         7,656         8,386         16,042         -           Due to other Funds         52,223         -         52,223         -           Noncurrent Liabilities         111,900         110,100         222,000         -           Due Within One Year         111,900         3,451,109         4,214,013         -
Accounts Payable       18,204       13,448       31,652       -         Accrued Liabilities       7,656       8,386       16,042       -         Due to other Funds       52,223       -       52,223       -         Noncurrent Liabilities         Due Within One Year       111,900       110,100       222,000       -         Due in more than One Year       762,904       3,451,109       4,214,013       -
Accounts Payable       18,204       13,448       31,652       -         Accrued Liabilities       7,656       8,386       16,042       -         Due to other Funds       52,223       -       52,223       -         Noncurrent Liabilities         Due Within One Year       111,900       110,100       222,000       -         Due in more than One Year       762,904       3,451,109       4,214,013       -
Accrued Liabilities       7,656       8,386       16,042       -         Due to other Funds       52,223       -       52,223       -         Noncurrent Liabilities       111,900       110,100       222,000       -         Due Within One Year       111,900       3,451,109       4,214,013       -
Due to other Funds       52,223       -       52,223       -         Noncurrent Liabilities       111,900       110,100       222,000       -         Due in more than One Year       762,904       3,451,109       4,214,013       -
Noncurrent Liabilities         Due Within One Year       111,900       110,100       222,000       -         Due in more than One Year       762,904       3,451,109       4,214,013       -
Due Within One Year       111,900       110,100       222,000       -         Due in more than One Year       762,904       3,451,109       4,214,013       -
Due in more than One Year 762,904 3,451,109 4,214,013 -
T + 11 + 1 m
- $        -$
Total Liabilities 952,887 3,583,043 4,535,930 -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
Net Pension Liability 40,241 - 40,241 -
Deferred Pension Inflows         34,410         -         34,410         -
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         74,651
NET POSITION
Net Position
Invested in Capital Assets,
Net of Related Debt 2,386,312 5,183,524 7,569,836 -
Restricted for Roads 1,472,028 - 1,472,028 -
Restricted for Community Activities 25,579 - 25,579 67,101
Restricted for Debt - 166,057 - 166,057 -
Restricted for Improvements - 141,652 141,652 -
Unrestricted 800,760 1,170,370 1,971,130 -
Total Net Position \$ 4,684,679 \$ 6,661,603 \$ 11,346,282 \$ 67,101

### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended February 28, 2021

		Progran	n Revenues		(Expense) Revenu		Component Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Downtown Development Authority
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities							
Legislative	\$ 72,891	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (72,891)	\$ -	\$ (72,891)	
General Government	27,658	39,294	500	12,136	-	12,136	
Public Safety	338,234	2,799	-	(335,435)	-	(335,435)	
Public Works	594,286	-	252,347	(341,939)	-	(341,939)	
Community and Economic							
Development	8,958	-	-	(8,958)	-	(8,958)	
Recreation and Culture	47,279	-	1,200	(46,079)	-	(46,079)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	17,652	<u>-</u> _		(17,652)		(17,652)	
Total Governmental Activities	1,106,958	42,093	254,047	(810,818)		(810,818)	
Business-Type Activities							
Water	831,014	906,374	-	-	75,360	75,360	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	80,110	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		(80,110)	(80,110)	
Total Business-Type Activities	911,124	906,374		<u> </u>	(4,750)	(4,750)	
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,018,082	\$ 948,467	\$ 254,047	(810,818)	(4,750)	(815,568)	
Component Unit							
Downtown Development							
Authority	\$ 62,974	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>				(62,974)
Total Component Unit	\$ 62,974	\$ -	<u> </u>				(62,974)
General Revenues							
Taxes and Penalties				705,914	-	705,914	32,435
Federal Grants				12,115	-	12,115	-
State Grants				343,312	-	343,312	50,000
Investment Income				14,826	4,762	19,588	74
Other				72,957		72,957	1,040
Total General Revenue				1,149,124	4,762	1,153,886	83,549
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Cap	oital Assets			(25,899)	(231)	(26,130)	
Change in Net Position				312,407	(219)	312,188	20,575
Net Position-Beginning				4,372,272	6,661,822	11,034,094	46,526
Net Position-Ending				\$ 4,684,679	\$ 6,661,603	\$ 11,346,282	\$ 67,101

### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET February 28, 2021

					Total
		Major	Local	Road	Governmental
ASSETS	General	Streets	Streets	Fund	Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 823,157	\$ 437,879	\$ 425,381	\$ 369,178	\$ 2,055,595
Investments	-	107,324	-	132,451	239,775
Due from State	38,154	34,348	11,571	-	84,073
Due from Other Funds	38,366		4,697	5,146	48,209
Total Assets	\$ 899,677	\$ 579,551	\$ 441,649	\$ 506,775	\$ 2,427,652
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 9,005	\$ 3,962	\$ 3,961	\$ 1,276	\$ 18,204
Accrued Liabilities	2,653	-	-	5,003	7,656
Due to Other Funds	10,478	33,034	8,711		52,223
Total Liabilities	22,136	36,996	12,672	6,279	78,083
FUND BALANCE					
Restricted	25,579	542,555	428,977	500,496	1,497,607
Committed	61,646	-	-	-	61,646
Unassigned	790,316				790,316
Total Fund Balances	877,541	542,555	428,977	500,496	2,349,569
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 899,677</u>	<u>\$ 579,551</u>	<u>\$ 441,649</u>	\$ 506,775	\$ 2,427,652

# VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION February 28, 2021

Governmental Fund Balance - February 28, 2021 \$ 2,349,569 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds: Governmental capital assets \$7,015,716 Less: accumulated depreciation (3,774,304)3,241,412 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds: Bonds payable (855,100)Accumulated vacation and sick leave (19,704)(40,241)Net pension liability (915,045)Deferred inflows reported in governmental funds are recognized as revenues in the governmental activities: Pension (34,410)Deferred outflows reported in governmental funds are recognized as expenditures in the governmental activities: Pension 43,153

\$ 4,684,679

**Net Position of Governmental Activities** 

# VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended February 28, 2021

	General	Major Streets	Local Streets	Road Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	Ф 400 <del>7</del> 00	<b>c</b>	Φ.	¢ 040 405	Ф 705 044
Taxes and Penalties Licenses and Permits	\$ 489,729 7,493	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 216,185	\$ 705,914 7,493
State Grants	7,493 325,878	100 750	62 500	10.624	
Federal Grants		188,759	63,588	18,634	596,859
	12,115	-	-	-	12,115
Fines and Forfeitures	2,799	2 002	4 202	2.500	2,799
Interest and Rentals	7,031	3,003	1,283	3,509	14,826
Charges for Services Other Revenue	31,801 38,142	-	- 25 215	-	31,801 73,457
Other Revenue	30,142	<del>_</del>	35,315	<u>-</u>	73,457
Total Revenues	914,988	191,762	100,186	238,328	1,445,264
Expenditures Current					
	72,891				72 901
Legislative General Government	47,970	-	-	-	72,891 47,970
Public Safety	316,966	-	-	-	316,966
Public Works	173,664	- 54 202	60.694	45,396	334,137
Community and Economic Development	8,958	54,393	60,684	45,590	8,958
Recreation and Culture	24,977	-	-	-	24,977
Debt Service	24,977	-	-	-	24,911
Principal Principal				104,800	104,800
Interest	-	-	_	17,652	17,652
Capital Outlay	132,700	_	_	17,032	132,700
Capital Outlay	102,700				102,700
Total Expenditures	778,126	54,393	60,684	167,848	1,061,051
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	136,862	137,369	39,502	70,480	384,213
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	45.400				45.400
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	15,460	(20,000)	-	-	15,460
Operating Transfers In (Out)	<del>-</del>	(20,000)	20,000	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>
Total Other Financing Sources					
(Uses)	15,460	(20,000)	20,000	<u>-</u> _	15,460
,					
Excess of Revenues and Other					
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures					
and Other Uses	152,322	117,369	59,502	70,480	399,673
	707.046	40= 405	000 175	400 045	4.040.000
Fund Balance-March 1, 2020	725,219	425,186	369,475	430,016	1,949,896
Fund Balance-February 28, 2021	\$ 877,541	\$ 542,555	\$ 428,977	\$ 500,496	\$ 2,349,569

#### **VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA**

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended February 28, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	399,673
Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	nt	
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		(867)
Repayment of bonds and notes payable principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds	,	
but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces debt)		104,800
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of		
Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives		
Expenditures for capital assets \$ 132,700		
Expenditures for infastructure assets 19,785		
Less: Current year depreciation (330,476)		
Less: Proceeds from sale of fixed assets (15,460)		
Less: Loss on sale of fixed assets (25,899)		(219,350)
Government funds report pension expenditures. However, in the statement of		
activities, the costs of pension expenses are deferred for timing differences		(18,300)
Net (increase) decrease in pension liability	_	46,451

312,407

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

## VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION February 28, 2021

	Enterprise Fund Water	
	System	Total
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,231,881	\$ 1,231,881
Investments	125,635	125,635
Receivables (Net)		
Accounts	127,958	127,958
Due from other Funds	14,439	14,439
Capital Assets not being Depreciated	38,097	38,097
Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	8,706,636	8,706,636
Total Assets	\$ 10,244,646	\$ 10,244,646
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	13,448	\$ 13,448
Accrued Liabilities	8,386	8,386
Bonds Payable	3,561,209	3,561,209
Total Liabilities	3,583,043	3,583,043
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	5,183,524	5,183,524
Restricted	307,709	307,709
Unrestricted	1,170,370	1,170,370
Total Net Position	6,661,603	6,661,603
Total Liabilities and Net Position	<u>\$ 10,244,646</u>	\$ 10,244,646

### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended February 28, 2021

	Enterprise Fund Water System		Total
Operating Revenues			Total
Charges for Services	899,677	\$	899,677
Other Operating Revenue	6,697	Ψ	6,697
Other Operating Nevertue	0,001		0,007
Total Operating Revenues	906,374		906,374
Operating Expenses			
Administration	50,015		50,015
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	233,134		233,134
Bank Fees	10		10
Supplies	15,574		15,574
Office Supplies	4,017		4,017
Contractual Services	17,872		17,872
Repairs and Maintenance	172,456		172,456
Gasoline	3,408		3,408
Depreciation	251,935		251,935
Dues and Memberships	3,319		3,319
Miscellaneous	2,750		2,750
Telephone	3,971		3,971
Utilities	53,433		53,433
Insurance and Bonds	16,589		16,589
Water Testing	2,531		2,531
Total Operating Expenses	831,014		831,014
Operating Income	75,360		75,360
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	(231)		(231)
Interest Earned on Investments	4,762		4,762
Interest Expense	(80,110)		(80,110)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(75,579)		(75,579)
Change in Net Position	(219)		(219)
Net Position-March 1, 2020	6,661,822		6,661,822
Net Position-February 28, 2021	\$ 6,661,603	<u>\$</u>	6,661,603

### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended February 28, 2021

	Enterprise Fund Water	Total
Cook Flows from Operating Activities	System	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:  Cash Charges for Services	\$ 910,481	\$ 910,481
Other Operating Revenue	6,697	\$ 910,481 6,697
Administrative Costs	(50,015)	(50,015)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(246,797)	(246,797)
Cash Payments to Employees for Georges  Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(328,445)	(328,445)
Cash Fayments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(020,440)	(020,440)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	291,921	291,921
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Payment of Principal	(108,200)	(108,200)
Payment of Interest	(80,483)	(80,483)
	(422.222)	(,,,,,,,,,,,)
Net Cash used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(188,683)	(188,683)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest Earned on Cash Equivalents and Investments	4,762	4,762
Purchase of Capital Assets	(41,924)	(41,924)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(37,162)	(37,162)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	66,076	66,076
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year		
(Including \$167,282 in restricted accounts)	1,291,440	1,291,440
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Year		
(Including \$307,709 in restricted accounts)	<u>\$ 1,357,516</u>	<u>\$ 1,357,516</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 75,360	\$ 75,360
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net		
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	251,935	251,935
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	(231)	(231)
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables	10,804	10,804
Decrease (Increase) in Due Froms/Due Tos	(13,432)	(13,432)
(Decrease) Increase in Accounts Payable	(32,515)	(32,515)
•	_	_
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 291,921</u>	<u>\$ 291,921</u>

## VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION February 28, 2021

ASSETS	Trust and Agency					
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 32,837					
Total Assets	\$ 32,837					
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Due to Other Funds	\$ 10,425					
Due to Other Units of Government	22,412					
Total Liabilities	\$ 32,837					

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#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies of the Village of Lake Odessa conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Village of Lake Odessa:

#### REPORTING ENTITY

The Village operates under an elected council of seven members and provides services to its residents in many areas including police protection, maintenance of Village streets and other property, water and general Village administration. Education services are provided to citizens through several local school districts, which are separate governmental entities. Fire and ambulance services are provided by outside entities. The Village is assessed for its respective share of the expenditures.

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

#### Downtown Development Authority (DDA)

The downtown development authority was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, to encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The members of the governing board of the downtown development authority are appointed by the Village Council. The Village has the ability to significantly influence operations of the downtown development authority.

Complete financial statements for the component unit are not separately reported.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position includes and recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Village's net position is reported in three parts: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net positions.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

**SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)** 

#### MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

State grants, licenses and permits, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual; therefore, they have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the Village.

<u>Taxes Receivable</u> - The Village property tax is levied on each July 1<sup>st</sup> based on the taxable valuation of property located in the Village as of the preceding December 31<sup>st</sup>.

It is the Village's policy to recognize revenue from the current tax levy in the year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2020 State taxable valuation of the Village totaled \$46,579,115 on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 10.6475 mills for Village operating purposes and 4.7718 mills for Village street operations, raising \$495,946 for operating and \$222,262 for street operations. The amounts recognized in the General Fund financial statements as current property tax revenue represent 2020 taxes levied.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes and state shared revenue.
- The Major Street Fund accounts for the maintenance of all major streets and trunk lines. Financing is provided by special revenues from provisions of Act 51 of 1951 as amended.
- The Local Street Fund accounts for the maintenance of all local streets. Financing is provided by special revenues from provisions of Act 51 of 1951 as amended.
- The Road Fund accounts for the maintenance of the Village's roads. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes.

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

• The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the water supply system, capital additions, and retirement of revenue bonds. Financing is provided by user charges and contributions by other funds and customers.

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

 The Trust and Agency Fund accounts for the assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering products in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds relate to charges to customers for sales and services. The water fund also recognizes the portion of tap fees intended to recover current cost (e.g., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenue and expenses.

#### ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

<u>Bank Deposits and Investments</u> - Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

<u>Receivables and Payables</u> - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Taxes are payable through August 31<sup>st</sup>, and at that time, all unpaid taxes are deemed delinquent and turned over to Ionia County. Ionia County remits payment to the Village of Lake Odessa on all delinquent property taxes.

<u>Committed Assets</u> - The Village has committed assets for capital purchases and community activities. By committing a portion of the fund balance for a specific purpose, the Village has limited the use of the funds for that specific purpose, unless the council rescinds via resolution.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> - The Village has restricted assets for roads, community activities, debt and improvements. By restricting a portion of the net position for a specific purpose, the Village has limited the use of the funds for that specific purpose only. The Village Council cannot change the amounts restricted and cannot spend the restricted funds for any other purpose than roads and community activities.

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. No interest expense has been incurred or capitalized on capital assets reported in proprietary funds.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

General Assets	
Buildings and Improvements	30 to 50 years
Water System	20 to 50 years
Land Improvements	20 years
Equipment	5 to 15 years
Data Processing	5 years
Furniture	10 years

#### Infrastructure Assets

Roads 8 to 30 years
Bridges 12 to 50 years
Sidewalks 10 to 30 years
Drains, Curbs, Gutters 8 to 40 years

<u>Deferred Outflows</u> - This reflects a decrease in net position that applies to a future period. The deferred outflows related to the defined benefit pension plan.

<u>Deferred Inflows</u> - This reflects an increase in net position that applies to a future period. The deferred inflows related to the defined benefit pension plan.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In March 2009 the GASB issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-Type Definitions*. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications of reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated were replaced with five new classifications - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (Continued)

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following components of fund balance:

- Nonspendable: Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted: Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose.
- Committed: Amounts that have been formally set aside by the council for use for specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via resolution of the council.
- Assigned: Intent to spend resources on specific purposes expressed by the council, or the director, who is authorized by resolution approved by the council to make assignments.
- Unassigned: All other amounts available for any purpose.

Restricted/Unrestricted Resources - When expenses are incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the Village's policy to first apply restricted resources. Once restricted resources are exhausted, the Village's policy is to apply unrestricted resources in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave) - Village employees earn from 10-25 vacation days a year. The amount of vacation pay earned is determined according to the length of their employment. Vacation time not taken or paid in lieu prior to each individual's hire anniversary date each year is forfeited. Upon termination, all unearned and unused vacation pay is paid at current wage rates.

Sick leave benefits are earned by hourly employees at a rate of 1.85 hours per pay period of service worked. Upon voluntary termination, with eight years of service with the employer and upon submitting written notice at least two weeks prior to termination, the employee shall be paid for 50% of documented accrued sick leave, not to exceed 20 days, at the current wage rate. Employees that are involuntarily discharged are not eligible for payment of unused sick days. Salaried and hourly employees can carry forward 30 days for use in a subsequent year.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u> - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u> - Budgets are adopted for general and special revenue funds, which are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. This basis is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all required governmental fund types. The village manager submits to the village council a proposed annual budget prior to February 28. A Public Hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The budget documents present information by fund, function, department and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the department level.

#### **EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS IN BUDGETED FUNDS**

P.A. 621 of 1978, section 18(1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

During the year ended February 28, 2021, the Village incurred expenditures in certain budgeted funds, which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

FUND		BUDGET APPROPRIATION EX				ACTUAL EXPENDITURE				UDGET RIANCE
General			'			_				
Capital Outlay	\$	58,298	\$	132,700	\$	74,402				
Major										
Street Winter Maintenance	\$	13,710	\$	19,547	\$	5,837				
Local										
Steet Winter Maintenance	\$	13,710	\$	14,197	\$	487				

#### **ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the Village of Lake Odessa.

#### **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91, authorizes the Village to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated by two standard rating agencies within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

The Village has designated two banks, two savings bank and two credit unions for the deposit of the Village of Lake Odessa funds. The DDA has designated one bank for the deposit of the DDA's funds.

The Village's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

#### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

At year-end, the Village's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	duciary ctivities		Total Primary Sovernment	Co	ompenent Unit
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Restricted Assets	\$ 2,055,595 239,775	\$ 1,231,881 125,635	\$ 32,837 - -	-	3,320,313 365,410	\$	53,521 - -
Total	\$ 2,295,370	\$ 1,357,516	\$ 32,837	9	3,685,723	\$	53,521
The breakdown between dep	osits and investm	ents is as follows:		G	Primary overnment	Co	mpenent Unit
Bank Deposits (Checking and Savings Addressment in Securities (Mutual Funds and Similal Petty Cash and Cash on Har	r Vehicles)	tes of Deposit)		\$	3,685,443	\$	53,521 - -
Total				<u>\$</u>	3,685,723	\$	53,521

Custodial credit risk is the risk that the Village will not be able to recover its deposits in the event of financial institution failure. The Village's deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by federal depository or securities investor insurance and are uncollateralized. At February 28, 2021, the Village had deposits with a carrying amount of \$3,685,443 and a bank balance of \$3,724,860. Of the bank balance, \$674,400 is covered by federal depository insurance, \$3,050,460 is uninsured and \$0 is collateralized. The DDA has deposits with a carrying amount of \$53,521 and a bank balance of \$53,521. Of the bank balance, \$53,521 is covered by federal depository insurance, \$0 is uninsured and \$0 is collateralized. The Village believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of the FDIC and SIPC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Village evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories. The Village has, however, secured an agreement with Union Bank. Union Bank has pledged \$750,000 of FHLB Agency Notes to secure the Village's excess deposits. The Village's investment policy does not identify interest rate risk, foreign currency risk or concentration of credit risk.

**CAPITAL ASSETS** 

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated/Amortized				
Construction in Progress	\$ 21,162	\$ 14,785	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 35,947
Subtotal	21,162	14,785		35,947
Capital Assets being Depreciated/Amortized				
Buildings	535,386	-	2,561	532,825
Land Improvements	390,527	-	-	390,527
Equipment	761,487	125,000	94,875	791,612
Data Processing Equipment	68,184	7,700	2,519	73,365
Infrastructure	5,186,440	5,000		5,191,440
Subtotal	6,942,024	137,700	99,955	6,979,769
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for				
Buildings	469,940	6,732	961	475,711
Land Improvements	118,664	19,766	-	138,430
Equipment	397,395	69,156	56,049	410,502
Data Processing Equipment	63,567	2,542	1,586	64,523
Infrastructure	2,452,858	232,280		2,685,138
Subtotal	3,502,424	330,476	58,596	3,774,304
Net Capital Assets being				
Depreciated/Amortized	3,439,600	(192,776)	41,359	3,205,465
Governmental Activties Total Capital Assets-Net of				
Depreciation/Amortization	\$ 3,460,762	<u>\$ (177,991)</u>	\$ 41,359	\$ 3,241,412

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### **CAPITAL ASSETS** (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activites				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated/Amortized				
Land	\$ 2,150	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,150
Construction in Progress	21,162	14,785		35,947
Subtotal	23,312	14,785		38,097
Capital Assets being Depreciated/Amortized				
Buildings and Water System	10,630,867	27,370	-	10,658,237
Land Improvements	1,737	,	-	1,737
Office Equipment	19,101	-	3,583	15,518
Equipment	477,109	-	-	477,109
	<del></del>	<del></del>		<del></del>
Subtotal	11,128,814	27,370	3,583	11,152,601
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for				
Buildings and Water System	1,832,150	215,538	_	2,047,688
Land Improvements	1,100	87	_	1,187
Office Equipment	16,885	1,118	3,352	14,651
Equipment	347,247	35,192	-	382,439
=qaipmont	017,217			
Subtotal	2,197,382	251,935	3,352	2,445,965
Net Capital Assets being				
Depreciated/Amortized	8,931,432	(224,565)	231	8,706,636
7				
Governmental Activties Total				
Capital Assets-Net of				
Depreciation/Amortization	\$ 8,954,744	\$ (209,780)	\$ 231	\$ 8,744,733
·				<u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>
Depreciation/Amortization expense was charged	to programs of th	ie Village as follow	rs:	
Governmental Activities				
General Government		\$ 6,973		
Public Safety		21,268		
Public Works		279,934		
Recreation and Culture		22,301		
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 330,476		
Business-Type Activities				
Water Fund		\$ 251,935		
Total Business-Type Activities		\$ 251,935		

#### **INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS**

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Fund	Interfund Receivables	Fund	Interfund Payables
			- uyunice
General	\$ 38,366	General	10,478
Local	4,697	Major	33,034
Road	5,146	Local	8,711
Water	14,439	Payroll	10,425
	\$ 62,648		\$ 62,648
Fund	Transfers nd In Fund		Transfers Out
Local Streets	\$ 20,000	Major Streets	\$ 20,000
	\$ 20,000		\$ 20,000

The interfund receivables and payables represent money owed to the funds for expenses paid by other funds for various expenses. The major street fund is allowed under Act 51 to share a portion of its Act 51 revenues with the local street fund.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

The government issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Special assessment bonds provide for capital improvements that benefit specific properties, and will be repaid from amounts levied against those properties benefited from the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the government is obligated to provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources (such as tax sale proceeds or a re-assessment of the district) are received. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT** (Continued)

The following is a summary of the outstanding debt of the Village as of February 28, 2021:

	Interest Rate	Principal Matures		Beginning Balance	(R	eduction)	A	ddition		Ending Balance		ie Within ine Year
Primary Government Governmental Activities												
Bonds	0.0000/	0000	•	400.000	Φ.	(00.400)	Φ.		Φ.	400 500	Φ.	00.500
2017 Refunding Bond	2.260%	2029	\$	438,900	\$	(36,400)	\$	-	\$	402,500	\$	38,500
2016 Refunding Bond	1.800%	2026		521,000		(68,400)		-		452,600		73,400
Other Liabilities												
Compensated Absenses				18,837				867		19,704		19,704
Total Governmental Activities			\$	978,737	\$	(104,800)	\$	867	\$	874,804	\$	131,604
Business-Type Activities Water Bonds												
2017 Refunding Bond	2.260%	2029	\$	188,100	\$	(15,600)	\$	_	\$	172,500	\$	16,500
2016 Rural Development	2.250%	2055		3,272,309		(66,000)		_		3,206,309		67,000
2016 Refunding Bond	1.800%	2026		209,000		(26,600)		=		182,400		26,600
Total Business-Type Activities			\$	3,669,409	\$	(108,200)	\$	_	\$	3,561,209	\$	110,100

The compensated absence liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated by the Village's governmental funds. The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on notes and long-term bonds outstanding for the primary government and component units are as follows:

		Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities		
Year End Feb 28	P	rincipal	- 1	nterest		Principal		Interest	
2022	\$	111,900	\$	16,147	\$	110,100	\$	78,898	
2023		111,900		13,956		112,100		76,538	
2024		115,900		11,723		119,100		74,087	
2025		118,000		9,423		121,000		71,532	
2026		124,200		7,087		126,800		68,909	
2027 to 2031		273,200		9,887		596,800		307,905	
2032 to 2036		-		-		450,000		257,322	
2037 to 2041		-		-		503,000		205,550	
2042 to 2046		-		-		563,000		147,612	
2047 to 2051		-		-		601,000		82,857	
2052 to 2056					_	258,309		17,353	
Total	\$	855,100	\$	68,223	\$	3,561,209	\$	1,388,563	

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#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village manages its risk exposure and provides certain employee benefits through a combination of risk management pools and commercial insurance.

The Village participates in the Michigan Municipal League for general and automobile liability, motor vehicle physical damage, property damage, and workers' compensation coverages. The Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool were established pursuant to laws of the State of Michigan which authorizes local units of government to jointly exercise any power, privilege or authority which each might exercise separately. The purpose of the pool is to jointly exercise powers common to each participating member to establish and administer a risk management program; to prevent or lessen the incidence and severity of casualty losses occurring in the operation of its members; and to defend and protect any member of the authority against liability or loss.

The Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool, while it operates under the Michigan Legislation of Public Act 138, does not operate as a risk pool due to a total transfer of risk to reinsurance companies backing the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool. Due to this reinsurance purchase, there is no pooling of risk between members.

The Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool chose to adopt the forms and endorsements of conventional insurance protection and to reinsure these coverages 100%, rather than utilize a risk pool of member funds to pay individual and collective losses up to a given retention, and then have reinsurance above that retention amount.

The individual members are responsible for their self-retention amounts (deductibles) that vary from member to member. The Village also provides employee benefits through the Michigan Municipal League with programs underwritten by commercial insurance carriers.

At February 28, 2021, there were no claims, which exceeded insurance coverage. The Village had no significant reduction in insurance coverage from previous years.

#### **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

#### Plan Description

The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a ninemember Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

#### **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

#### Benefits Provided

Benefits provided include plans with a multiplier of 2.50% (80% max).

Vesting period is 6 years.

Normal retirement age is 60 with unreduced early retirement benefits at 55 with 15 years of service and reduced retirement benefits at 50 with 25 years of service.

Final average compensation is calculated based on 3 years.

Employee contributions are 10% of covered wages.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At the December 31, 2020 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	2
Inactive employee entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active employees	<u>1</u>
	4

#### Contributions

The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

Employer contributions for the fiscal year were \$12,789. Employee contributions for the fiscal year were \$12,159.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The employer's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

**DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)** 

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary increases: 3.00% in the long-term

Investment rate of return: 7.35%, net investment expense, including inflation.

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 3.00% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with the price inflation of 2.5%.

Mortality rates used were based on the weighted sex district rates found in Pub – 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study in 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	60.00%	3.15%
Global Fixed Income	20.00%	0.25%
Private Inestments	20.00%	1.45%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.60% for 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates of employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Calculating	the Net	Pension	Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Position
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Balance at 12/31/19	\$ 518,847	\$ 432,155	\$ 86,692
Changes for the Year			
Service Cost	11,169	-	11,169
Interest on Total Pension Liability	38,632	-	38,632
Changes in Benefits	-	-	-
Difference Between Expected			
and Actual Experience	(29,331)	-	(29,331)
Changes in Assumptions	12,818		12,818
Employer Contributions	-	12,789	(12,789)
Employee Contributions	-	12,159	(12,159)
Net Investment Income	-	55,664	(55,664)
Benefit Payments Including			
Employee Refunds	(32,232)	(32,232)	-
Administrative Expense	-	(873)	873
Other Changes		<u> </u>	
Net Changes	1,056	47,507	(46,451)
Balances as of 12/31/20	<u>\$ 519,903</u>	\$ 479,662	\$ 40,241

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.60%) or 1% higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	 Decrease 6.60%	Disc	Current count Rate 7.60%	 Increase 8.60%
Net Pension Liability at 12/31/20	\$ 40,241	\$	40,241	\$ 40,241
Change in Net Pension Liability	 66,831		<u>-</u>	 (48,263)
Calculated Net Pension Liability	\$ 107,072	\$	40,241	\$ (8,022)

Note: The current discount rate shown for GASB 68 purposes is higher than the MERS assumed rate of return. This is because for GASB purposes, the discount rate must be gross of administrative expenses, whereas for funding purposes, it is net of administrative expenses.

#### **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended February 28, 2021, the employer recognized expense of \$29,462. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences in Experience	\$	-	\$	(34,410)
Differences in Assumptions		23,410		-
Excess (Deficit) Investment Returns		17,374		_
		40,784		(34,410)
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		2,369		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	43,153	\$	(34,410)

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability for year ending February 28, 2021.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
2022	\$ 3,341
2023	\$ (2,921)
2024	\$ 8,187
2025	\$ 3,561
2026	\$ (1,068)
Thereafter	\$ (2,357)

#### **DEFERRED COMPENSATION PENSION PLAN**

The Village has a 401(k) deferred compensation pension plan which is available to all of it qualifying employees. A qualifying employee has attained the age of 21, works at least 1,000 hours per year and has at least one year of employment with the Village. The plan permits them to defer a portion on their current salary until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Employees may contribute any amount of their compensation (in whole percent increments) to the plan. The Village contributes an amount equal to an employee's contribution between 1-10%. The plan is subject to IRS rules. The total village contributions for the year ended February 28, 2021 were \$33,356 and employee contributions were \$34,353. Monies are invested in individual annuities in the names of the individuals and held in trust for employees. Employee's rights created under the plan are equivalent to those of general creditors of the Village and only in an amount equal to their fair market value on the deferred account maintained with respect to each employee.

In the past, the plan assets have been used for no purpose other than to pay benefits and administrative costs. In addition, the Village believes it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

#### **CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC**

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic, prompting many national, regional, and local governments to implement preventative or protective measures, such as travel and business restrictions, temporary store closures, and wide-sweeping quarantines and stay-at-home orders. The COVID-19 pandemic has caused business disruption through mandated and voluntary closings of multiple businesses. The Village expects this to negatively impact its operations and financial condition; however, the extent of this impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

#### **ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

GASB issued Statement No 87, *Leases*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognize as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This standard will be effective in 2023. The Village does not believe that this standard will have any impact on its financial statements.

GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements. This statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The standard will be in effect for 2022. The Village is currently evaluating this standard and the impact on its financial statements.

GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period. This statement established accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5-22 of Statement No. 62. This statement requires that interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. The standard will be in effect for 2022. The Village does not believe that this standard will have any impact on its financial statements.

GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The standard will be in effect for 2023. The Village does not believe that this standard will have any impact on its financial statements.

GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus*. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The standard will be in effect for 2023. The Village does not believe that this standard will have any impact on its financial statements.

GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The objectives of this statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implication that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate (IBOR). The standard will be in effect for 2022. The Village does not believe that this standard will have any impact on its financial statements.

GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objectives of this statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. The standard will be in effect for 2024. The Village does not believe that this standard will have any impact on its financial statements.

### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended February 28, 2021

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### **ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS** (Continued)

GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. The standard will be in effect for 2024. The Village does not believe that this standard will have any impact on its financial statements.

GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The objective of the statement is to increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform. The standard has some requirements effective immediately and other will be in effect for 2022. The Village does not believe that this standard will have any impact on its financial statements.

### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended February 28, 2021

		RIGINAL BUDGET		MENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL		WITH	RIANCE AMENDED UDGET
Beginning of Year Fund Balance	\$	725,219	\$	725,219	\$	725,219	\$	-
Resources (Inflows)								
Taxes and Penalties		543,790		518,751		489,729		(29,022)
Licenses and Permits		8,100		8,100		7,493		(607)
State Grants		264,792		252,622		325,878		73,256
Federal Grants		-		-		12,115		12,115
Fines and Forfeitures		2,000		2,000		2,799		799
Interest and Rentals		4,305		4,305		7,031		2,726
Charges for Services		21,275		21,275		31,801		10,526
Other Revenue		32,850		42,900		38,142		(4,758)
Total Resources	_	877,112		849,953		914,988		65,035
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)								
Legislative								
Governing Body		86,365		95,816		72,891		22,925
General Government								
Manager		45,526		45,116		37,569		7,547
Buildings and Grounds		34,330		19,032		10,401		8,631
Public Safety								
Police		327,408		335,666		316,966		18,700
Public Works								
Street Lighting		32,000		33,000		28,034		4,966
Garage and Maintenance		180,890		167,545		145,630		21,915
Community and Economic Developme	ent							
Planning and Zoning		7,625		7,530		7,034		496
Redevelopment and Housing		2,000		2,200		1,924		276
Recreation and Culture								
Parks		23,550		23,350		17,726		5,624
Arts Commission		9,472		9,924		7,251		2,673
Other		3,220		3,220		-		3,220
Capital Outlay		44,000		58,298		132,700		(74,402)
Total Charges to Appropriations		796,386	_	800,697		778,126		22,571

## VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND (Continued) For the Year Ended February 28, 2021

_	ORIGINAL BUDGET	AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH AMENDED BUDGET
Excess of Resources Over (Under) Appropriations	80,726	49,256	136,862	87,606
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	15,000	15,000	15,460	(460)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)  Excess of Resources and Other Sources Over (Under) Appropriations	15,000	15,000	15,460	(460)
and Other Uses  Budgetary Fund Balance - February 28, 2021	95,726 \$ 820,945	\$ 789,475	152,322 \$ 877,541	\$ 88,066 \$ 88,066

### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR STREET FUND For the Year Ended February 28, 2021

	ORIGINAL BUDGET				ACTUAL		WITH	RIANCE AMENDED UDGET
Beginning of Year Fund Balance	\$	425,186	\$	425,186	\$	425,186	\$	-
Resources (Inflows) State Grants Interest and Rentals Other Revenue		207,431 1,300 10,000		207,431 3,500 10,000		188,759 3,003 -		(18,672) (497) (10,000)
Total Resources		218,731		220,931		191,762		(29,169)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Public Works Street Administration Street Routine Maintenance Street Winter Maintenance		5,600 303,449 13,710		5,900 45,760 13,710		4,413 30,433 19,547		1,487 15,327 (5,837)
Total Charges to Appropriations		322,759		65,370		54,393		10,977
Excess of Resources Over (Under) Appropriations		(104,028)		155,561		137,369		(18,192)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers (Out)		(40,000)		(40,000)		(20,000)		20,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(40,000)		(40,000)		(20,000)		20,000
Excess of Resources and Other Sources Over (Under) Appropriations and Other Uses		(144,028)		115,561		117,369		1,808
Budgetary Fund Balance - February 28, 2021	\$	281,158	\$	540,747	\$	542,555	<u>\$</u>	1,808

### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - LOCAL STREET FUND For the Year Ended February 28, 2021

	ORIGINAL BUDGET					ACTUAL		RIANCE AMENDED JDGET
Beginning of Year Fund Balance	\$	369,475	\$	369,475	\$	369,475	\$	-
Resources (Inflows)								
State Grants		69,876		69,876		63,588		(6,288)
Interest and Rentals		1,000		1,000		1,283		283
Other	-	<u>-</u>				35,315		35,315
Total Resources		70,876		70,876		100,186		29,310
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Public Works								
Street Administration		2,450		2,550		1,765		785
Street Routine Maintenance		236,529		45,100		44,722		378
Street Winter Maintenance		13,710		13,710		14,197		(487)
Total Charges to Appropriations		252,689		61,360	_	60,684		676
Excess of Resources Over								
(Under) Appropriations		(181,813)		9,516		39,502		29,986
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating Transfers In	_	40,000		40,000	_	20,000		(20,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		40,000		40,000	_	20,000		(20,000)
Excess of Resources and Other Sources Over (Under) Appropriations								
and Other Uses		(141,813)		49,516		59,502		9,986
Budgetary Fund Balance -								
February 28, 2021	\$	227,662	\$	418,991	\$	428,977	\$	9,986

### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - ROAD FUND For the Year Ended February 28, 2021

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		AMENDED BUDGET		 ACTUAL	WITH	RIANCE AMENDED UDGET
Beginning of Year Fund Balance	\$	430,016	\$	430,016	\$ 430,016	\$	-
Resources (Inflows)							
Taxes and Penalties		216,005		216,005	216,185		180
State Grants		_		18,634	18,634		-
Interest and Rentals		2,400		2,400	 3,509		1,109
Total Resources		218,405		237,039	 238,328		1,289
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Public Works							
Street Administration		35,610		37,696	35,224		2,472
Street Routine Maintenance		213,529		19,914	5,173		14,741
Sidewalk Replacement		5,000		5,000	4,999		1
Debt Service							
Principal		104,800		104,800	104,800		-
Interest		19,314		19,314	 17,652		1,662
Total Charges to Appropriations		378,253		186,724	 167,848		18,876
Excess of Resources Over							
(Under) Appropriations		(159,848)		50,315	 70,480		20,165
Budgetary Fund Balance -							
February 28, 2021	\$	270,168	\$	480,331	\$ 500,496	\$	20,165

### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

### Amounts determined as of February 28 of each fiscal year

	2020	2019	2018	2017	 2016	 2015
Actuarial Determined Contributions* Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 12,789	\$ 13,412	\$ 11,309	\$ 15,554	\$ 12,353	\$ 7,383
Determined Contribution	 12,789	 13,412	 11,309	 15,554	 12,353	 7,383
Contribution Deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 65,855	\$ 133,761	\$ 131,868	\$ 129,772	\$ 157,782	\$ 89,292
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	19%	10%	9%	12%	8%	8%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining Amortization Period 25 years

Asset Valuation Method 5 year smoothed

Inflation2.5%Salary Increases3.00%Investment Rate of Return7.35%

Retirement Age Varies depending on plan adoption Mortality 50% Female/50% Male 2014 Group

**Annuity Mortality Table** 

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2016. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

#### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYER NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Amounts determined as of December 31 of each fiscal year

		2020	 2019	 2018	2017
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$	11,169	\$ 22,512	\$ 21,982	\$ 24,799
Interest		38,632	35,428	34,009	26,016
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-	(471)
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		(29,331)	2,497	(133)	69,344
Changes of Assumptions		12,818	17,391	-	-
Benefit Payments Including Employee Refunds		(32,232)	(31,493)	(28,292)	(3,671)
Other			 1,865	 1,097	 839
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,056	 48,200	 28,663	 116,856
Total Pension Liability beginning		518,847	 470,647	 441,984	 325,128
Total Pension Liability ending	\$	519,903	\$ 518,847	\$ 470,647	\$ 441,984
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions-Employer		12,789	13,412	11,309	15,554
Contributions-Employee		12,159	13,085	11,303	15,942
Net Investment Income		55,664	52,326	(16,031)	46,481
Benefit Payments Including Employee Refunds		(32,232)	(31,493)	(28,292)	(3,671)
Administrative Expense		(873)	(902)	(792)	(731)
Other		· -	· -	· _	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		47,507	46,428	(22,503)	 73,575
Plan Fiduciary Net Position beginning		432,155	385,727	 408,230	 334,655
Plan Fiduciary Net Position ending		479,662	 432,155	 385,727	 408,230
Employer Net Pension Liability (Asset)	<u>\$</u>	40,241	\$ 86,692	\$ 84,920	\$ 33,754
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability		92%	83%	82%	92%
Covered Employee Payroll		65,855	133,761	131,868	129,772
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		61%	65%	64%	26%

#### Notes to schedule:

Benefit changes (if any) can be found in the actuarial valuation section titled: "Benefit Provision History"

Changes in assumptions: There were not changes in actuarial assumptions or methods affecting the 2020 valuation (This information can be found in the actuarial valuation section titled: "Plan Provisions, Actuarial Assumptions and Actuarial Funding Method; and also in the Appendix link of the actuarial valuation).

### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM Amounts determined as of December 31 for each fiscal year

**Plan Net Net Pension** Net Position as Liability as **Fiscal Year** Total Plan Pension Percentage of Percentage **Ended** Pension Net Liability **Total Pension** Covered of Covered December 31 Liability **Position** (Asset) Liability (Asset) Payroll Payroll 2015 \$ 284,120 \$ 278,553 \$ 5,567 98% \$ 90,787 6% 157,782 2016 325,128 334,655 (9,527)103% -6% 2017 441,984 408,230 33,754 92% 129,772 26% 2018 470,647 385,727 84,920 82% 131,868 64% 432,155 133,761 65% 2019 518,847 86,692 83% 2020 519,903 479,662 40,241 92% 65,855 61%

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2016. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

### VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA BALANCE SHEET - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY February 28, 2021

\_\_\_\_\_

ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$	53,521
Due From Other Units of Government			13,580
Total Assets			67,101
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable			_
7 loosanto i ayabio			
Total Liabilities			-
r otal Elabilities			
FUND BALANCE			
Restricted			67,101
			<u> </u>
Total Fund Balance			67,101
Reconciliation of the Downtown Developme to the Statement of Net Position:	ent Authority Balance Sheet		
Long-Term liabilities are not due and payab not reported in the funds	ole in the current period and are		
Notes Payable			_
140tos i ayabio			
Net Position of Downtown Development Au	thority	<b>¢</b>	67,101
Thet I ostiloti of Downtown Development Au	utority	Ψ	01,101

# VILLAGE OF LAKE ODESSA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY For the Year Ended February 28, 2021

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Revenues									
Taxes and Penalties	\$	32,435							
State Grants		50,000							
Interest and Rentals		74							
Other Income		1,040							
Total Revenues		83,549							
Expenditures									
Contracted Services		791							
Dues and Subscriptions		50							
Miscellaneous		10							
Grants		50,000							
Supplies		12,123							
Total Expenditures		62,974							
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures		20,575							
Fund Balance-March 1, 2020		46,526							
Fund Balance-February 28, 2021	\$	67,101							
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Downtown Development Authority to the Statement of Activities:									
Net Change in Fund Balance - Downtown Development Authority	\$	20,575							
Repayment of notes payable is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces debt)	_								
Change in Net Position of Downtown Development Authority	\$	20,575							

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Village Council Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, of Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan, as of and for the year ended February 28, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 6, 2021.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

### 2021-001 Preparation of Financial Statements

The Village does not have the technical expertise to prepare financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, including procedures to record revenue and expenditure accruals, changes in capital assets, and to present required financial statement disclosures. This is a recurring comment.

Currently, the Village contracts with Walker, Fluke & Sheldon, PLC to prepare the financial statements and assist with accrual entries, because the additional benefits derived from implementing a system, would not outweigh the costs incurred.

#### 2021-002 Reconciliation of Cash Accounts

The Village did not balance the cash general ledger accounts to the reconciled bank statements on a timely basis, from the time frame of October 1 to February 28. This is the time frame when the Village had a temporary treasurer. One of the most important internal control procedures is to reconcile the books to the reconciled bank statements for all bank accounts. This step verifies that all the activity has been recorded in the general ledger. Turnover with the finance director's position during the year contributed to these processes not consistently being completed.

The Village has evaluated its processes and this issue has been fixed from the hiring of the new finance director was hired.

#### 2021-003 Material Audit Adjustments

During out audit, we identified and proposed material adjustments related to cash, interfund receivables and payables, accounts payable and the recording of fixed assets, from the time frame of October 1 to February 28. This is the time frame when the Village had a temporary treasurer. Turnover with the finance director's position during the year contributed to these processes not consistently being completed. This caused inconsistency in postings to the general ledger accounts. Several material adjusting entries were required to accurately reflect the correct balances for the Village.

Management agrees with the adjustments proposed by its auditors, and they have been posted to the Village's records. Transactions related to capital outlay and fixed assets will be reviewed and adjustments will be made as needed. The Village has evaluated its processes and this issue has been fixed from the hiring of the new finance director was hired

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan's Response to Findings

Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan's response to the findings identified in our audit is described previously. Village of Lake Odessa, Michigan's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hastings, Michigan August 6, 2021